Claddaghduff N.S Attendance Policy

Introduction

There is a very strong tradition of good attendance in Claddaghduff N.S. However, we are anxious that parents be aware of the absolute necessity for regular punctual attendance at school.

Rationale

The main factors contributing to the formulation of a revised policy can be summarised as follows:

- To promote and encourage regular attendance as an essential factor in our pupils' learning
- Legislative requirements such as the Education Welfare Act 2000 and the Education Act, 1998
- The role of the NEWB
- Levels of disadvantage
- Changing attitudes to education.

Aims and Objectives

The revised policy is geared towards:

- Ensuring that pupils are registered accurately and efficiently
- Ensuring that pupil attendance is recorded daily
- Encouraging full attendance where possible
- Identifying pupils at risk
- Promoting a positive learning environment
- Enabling learning opportunities to be availed of
- Raising awareness of the importance of school attendance
- Fostering an appreciation of learning
- Identify pupils at risk of leaving school early
- Ensuring compliance with the requirements of the relevant legislation
- Developing, subject to available resources, links between the school and the families of children who may be at risk of developing attendance problems
- Identifying and removing, insofar as is practicable, obstacles to school attendance.

Compliance with School Ethos

This policy complements the school ethos of nurturing potential in a caring environment where the welfare of children is paramount.

Roles and Responsibilities

All staff have an input into the implementation of the policy. Class teacher's record individual patterns of attendance via daily attendance inputted into Aladdin system and the school secretary makes returns to NEWB. The Principal has responsibility for maintaining the Leabhair Tinreamh.

It is the responsibility of the Principal and staff to implement this policy under the guidance of the school's Board of Management.

Punctuality

School begins at 9.20am. All pupils and teachers are expected to be on time. The school will contact parents/guardians in the event of pupils being consistently late. The Principal is obliged under the Education Welfare Act, to report children who are persistently late, to the Education Welfare Board.

Recording and Reporting Attendance

Individual pupil attendance is recorded on Aladdin. All children attending and data on parents are recorded on POD. This has replaced the school Clar leabhar. A note from parents/guardians [an absence note or orally in Infants' classes and in Homework Journal for all other classes] is required to cover each absence. Parents have a deadline of two days following their child's return to school to give an explanation for the absence, otherwise the absence will be recorded as unexplained. The importance of good regular attendance will be highlighted at parent teacher meetings and at the infant induction day. Class teachers must continuously emphasize the importance of attendance, encourage and promote good attendance. They must also collaborate closely with parents and relevant school personnel to try to improve school attendance for certain pupils. Parents will also be reminded of the requirements of the NEWB, particularly the regulation relating to absences of 20 days or more per school year.

They are notified in writing on the end of year report of the total number of absences during the school year. Pupils whose non-attendance is a concern are invited to meet with the Principal during Parent/Teacher meetings and are informed of the school's concerns.

The school must inform the Education Welfare Officer in writing, where a child has missed 20 or more days in a school year, where attendance is irregular, where a pupil is removed from the school register and where a child is suspended or expelled for 6 days or more.

Promoting Attendance

The school promotes good attendance by:

- creating a safe and welcoming environment
- ensuring children are happy
- · displaying kindness, compassion and understanding
- being vigilant so that risks to good attendance such as disadvantage, bullying etc.
 are identified early
- · rewarding good attendance with certificates.

Parents

The school also informs all parents of the implications of non-attendance as per the *Education Welfare Act 2000*. This information is disseminated by regular school circulars. Parents of new children are informed on enrolment.

Parents/guardians can promote good school attendance by:

- •Ensuring regular and punctual school attendance.
- •Notifying the School if their children cannot attend for any reason.
- •Working with the School and education welfare service to resolve any attendance problems;
- •Making sure their children understand that parents support and approve of school attendance:
- •Discussing planned absences with the school.
- •Refraining, if at all possible, from taking holidays during school time
- •Showing an interest in their children's school day and their children's homework.
- •Encouraging them to participate in school activities.
- Praising and encouraging their children's achievements.
- •Instilling in their children, a positive self-concept and a positive sense of self-worth.
- •Informing the school in writing of the reasons for absence from school.
- •Ensuring, insofar as is possible, that children's appointments (with dentists etc), rearranged for times outside of school hours.
- •Contacting the school immediately, if they have concerns about absence or other related school matters.
- •Notifying, in writing, the school if their child/children, particularly children in junior classes, are to be collected by someone not known to the teacher.

Pupils

Pupils have the clear responsibility to attend school regularly and punctually. Pupils should inform staff if there is a problem that may lead to their absence. Pupils are responsible for promptly passing on absence notes from parents to their class teacher. Pupils are responsible for passing school correspondence to their parents, on the specified day

Class Teacher

The class teacher will:

- -Maintain the school roll-book in accordance with procedure.
- -Keep a record of explained and unexplained absences.
- -Contact parents in instances where absences are not explained in writing.
- -Promote a reward system for pupils with exceptional attendance.
- -Encourage pupils to attend regularly and punctually.
- -Inform the Principal of concerns s/he may have regarding the attendance of any pupil.

School Principal

The School Principal will:

- •Ensure that the school register of pupils is maintained in accordance with regulations.
- •Inform the Education Welfare Officer:
- •If a pupil is not attending school regularly.
- •When a pupil has been absent for 20 or more days during the course of a school year.
- •If a pupil has been suspended for a period of six or more days.
- •When a pupil's name is removed from the school register.
- •Inform parents of a decision to contact the Education Welfare Officer of concerns regarding a pupil.
- •Insofar as is practicable, promote the importance of good school attendance among pupils, parents and staff

National Education Welfare Board

The Education Welfare Officer is informed if:

- A child is expelled
- · A child is suspended
- · A child has missed more than 20 days.

The NEWB is furnished with the total attendances in the school year through the Annual Report Form which is completed on-line.

Whole School Strategies to Promote Attendance

Claddaghduff N.S endeavors to create a safe, welcoming environment for our pupils and their parents/guardians. Parents/guardians are consulted in drafting and reviewing policies with the aim of promoting a high-level of co-operation among the school community. The teaching staff collaborates in the planning and implementation of the primary school curriculum, so as to provide a stimulating learning environment for all pupils.

Traditionally, school attendance is strong in our school. However, the staff remains vigilant so that 'risk' students are identified early. Risk students can be categorised as those who miss more than 5 days in a 20-day period without an accompanying note of explanation from parents/guardians. Appropriate contact takes place between the school and parents/guardians either via a letter or a note in the homework diary when this occurs. A meeting between parents and the Principal may be set up if deemed necessary. Absences of more than 20 days are automatically referred to the Education Welfare Officer.

New entrants and their parents/guardians are invited to engage in an induction process, through which the school's policies and procedures in relation to attendance are explained. There is a focus on the value of regular attendance and on the importance of developing good attendance habits from Junior Infants onwards.

Our homework policy, drawn up in consultation with parents/guardians, clearly outlines the school's expectations in terms of the quantity of homework assigned and in the quality of homework presented. There is a consistent approach to homework throughout the school.

The calendar for the coming school year is published annually in June and a reminder is published in September. It is hoped that this approach will enable parents/guardians to plan family events around school closures, thus minimising the chances of non-attendance related to family holidays during the school term.

The school is participating in 'Free School Lunch' scheme funded by the Department of Social Protection. Children are provided with a free 3-piece lunch on a daily basis.

Certificates are given to pupils who have full attendance during the school year. Certificates are also available to pupils who improve their attendance over a short period of time, and to pupils who improve their overall attendance.

Strategies in the Event of Non-Attendance

Section 17 of the Education (Welfare) Act (2000), states that 'the parent of a child shall cause the child concerned to attend a recognised school on each school day'.

Section 21 of the Act obliges schools to inform the Education Welfare Officer if a child is absent on more than 20 days in any school year, or if a child does not attend school on a regular basis.

In such cases the Education Welfare Officer (following all reasonable efforts by the Education Board to consult with the child's parents and the Principal of the school) may serve a 'School Attendance Notice' on any parent who he/she concludes is failing or

neglecting to cause the child to attend the school. A successful case taken against the parent may result in a fine and/or imprisonment.

Reasons for absence are recorded and reported to the NEWB five times during the school year through an online system. An annual report is submitted – not more than six weeks following the end of the school year - detailing the overall level of attendance at the school during that school year.

Transfer to Another School

Under Section 20 of the Education (Welfare) Act (2000), the Principal of a child's current school must notify the Principal of the child's previous school that the child is now registered in their school.

When a Principal receives notification that a child has been registered elsewhere he/she must notify the Principal of the pupil's new school of any problems in relation to attendance at the pupil's former school and of such matters relating to the child's educational progress as he or she considers appropriate. This applies to pupils who transfer between primary schools and to pupils who transfer from primary to second-level education.

Communication

The school has developed a good relationship with the National Education Welfare Board (NEWB) personnel and there is ongoing communication in relation to children who are at risk.

The school works with the local Youth in Action, Forum group, the local area partnership, the local sports partnership and other bodies in developing programs to promote school attendance. These programs aim to minimize the risks of irregular or non-attendance and to maximize the opportunities provided to all pupils.

The school maintains communication with local pre-schools and second-level schools in order to make the transition for pupils as easy as possible.

Communication with other Schools

- When a child transfers from Claddaghduff N.S, to another school, the school's records on attendance, academic progress etc will be forwarded on receipt of written notification of the transfer
- When a child transfers into Claddaghduff N.S, confirmation of transfer will be communicated to the child's previous school, and appropriate records sought
- Pupils transferring from Claddaghduff N.S, to a post primary school, will have their records forwarded on receipt of confirmation of enrolment.

Evaluation

The success of any Attendance Policy is measured through:

- Improved attendance levels as measured through Aladdin roll records and statistical returns
- Happy confident well adjusted children
- Positive parental feedback
- Teacher vigilance.

References:

Don't let your Child Miss Out - NEWB 2004 Education Welfare Act 2000 **Education Act 1998** Section 29 Education Act Empty Desks - CDU Mary Immaculate

Implementation/Ratification and Review

This policy has been updated 9th December 2019. It will be reviewed again in 3 years time.

Signed: Leven Molling
Chairperson
Signed: Age Sell
Principal